EYFS	Expressive Arts and Design (Exploring and Using Media and Materials)	Expressive Arts and Design (Being Imaginative)	Physical Development (Moving and Handling)	Health and self-care	Technology
Willow	 Children safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Opportunities to create products that have to work in some way in order to be successful. Use senses to explore and evaluate characteristics of products. To explore what happens when they mix colour. To experiment to create different textures. To understand that media can be combined to create new effects. To manipulate materials to achieve a planned effect. To construct with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. 	 To create simple representations of events, people and objects. To choose particular colours to use for a purpose. 	 To use simple tools to effect changes in materials. To handle tools, objects, construction and malleable material safely and with increasing control. 	> To show understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges and consider and manage some risks.	 Show an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, or real objects such as cameras or mobile phones. Shows skills in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images.

	 To use simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately. To select appropriate resources to adapt their work where necessary. To select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. 				
Holly Reception	> To think about the appearance, finish and texture of the product.	 To use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purpose. Encourage children to think about: What is their product for? What is their product for? To represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories. Designing can be retrospective by drawing what they have made. 	 Children handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing. 	 To show understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely. To practise appropriate safety measures without direct supervision. 	 To recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as the home and schools. To select and use technology for particular purposes.
Vocabulary					

Subject	Design	Make	Evaluate	Technical Language	Food Technology			
KS1	When designing and making in	unils should be taught to						
National	When designing and making, pupils should be taught to: Design							
Curriculum	 design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and 							
statement								
	communication technology							
	Make							
		• •	perform practical tasks [for exan perform practical tasks [for exan performance procedure]					
	characteristics	wide range of materials and con	inponents, including construction	i iliateriais, textiles and iligredie	ints, according to their			
	Evaluate							
	 explore and evaluate a 	range of existing products						
		nd products against design criter	ria					
	Technical knowledge							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ring how they can be made strop	nger, stiffer and more stable ers, wheels and axles], in their pi	raducts				
	Cooking and nutrition	anisms from example, levers, show	ers, wheels and axies], in their pi	Toducts.				
	_	s of a healthy and varied diet to	prepare dishes					
	 understand where foo 	d comes from						
Y1	Use own ideas to	use own ideas to make	describe how	make their own model	cut food safely			
	design something and	something	something works	stronger				
	describe how their own idea works	make a product which	explain what works					
	dea worksdesign a product which	moves	well and not so well in the model they have					
	moves	choose appropriate resources and tools	made					
	explain to someone	resources and tools						
	else how they want to							
	make their product and							
	make simple plan							
V2	before making							
Y2	think of an idea and	> choose tools and	> explain what went well	> make a model stronger	> weigh ingredients to			
	plan what to do next	materials and explain	with their work	and more stable	use in a recipe			

	> explain why they have chosen specific textiles	why they have chosen them ignormaterials and components in different ways measure materials to use in a model or structure		 use wheels and axles, when appropriate to do so explore and evaluate a range of existing products 	 describe the ingredients used when making a dish or cake Understand where food comes from
Vocabulary	design, product, moving picture, mechanism, wheel mechanism, lever, slider, pivot, push, pull, direction			evaluate, criteria,	Fruit, vegetable, plant, root, cauliflower, cabbage, strawberries, beetroot, onions, apples, plums, broad beans, blackberries, rhubarb, marrow, gooseberries, celery, lettuce, carrots, tomatoes, radishes, runner beans, turnips, potatoes, hygiene, peel, cut, fork safe, combine, recipe
End of KS expectation s	process of designing and making community, industry and the vocation and nutrition As part of their work with food pupils will also open a door to	ng. They should work in a range vider environment]. I, pupils should be taught how to	ould be taught the knowledge, u of relevant contexts [for exampl o cook and apply the principles of human creativity. Learning how fe.	le, the home and school, garden	s and playgrounds, the local

KS2	Design	Make	Evaluate	Technical Language	Food Technology	
Geography National Curriculum	When designing and making, pupils should be taught to: Design use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design Make select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities Evaluate investigate and analyse a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world Technical knowledge apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. Cooking and nutrition understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques					
Y3	 prove that a design meets a set criteria design a product and make sure that it looks attractive choose a material for both suitability and its appearance 	 follow a step-by-step plan, choosing the right equipment and materials select the most appropriate tools and techniques for a given task make a product which uses both electrical and mechanical components 	 explain how to improve a finished model know why a model has, or has not, been successful 	 know how to strengthen a product by stiffening a given part or reinforce a part of the structure use a simple IT program within the design 	 describe how food ingredients come together weigh out ingredients and follow a given recipe to create a dish talk about which food is healthy and which food is not 	

		work accurately to measure, make cuts and make holes			know when food is ready for harvesting
Y4	 use ideas from other people when designing produce a plan and explain it persevere and adapt work when original ideas do not work communicate ideas in a range of ways, including by sketches and drawings which are annotated 	 know which tools to use for a particular task and show knowledge of handling the tool know which material is likely to give the best outcome measure accurately 	 evaluate and suggest improvements for design evaluate products for both their purpose and appearance explain how the original design has been improved present a product in an interesting way 	 link scientific knowledge by using lights, switches or buzzers use electrical systems to enhance the quality of the product use IT, where appropriate, to add to the quality of the product 	 know how to be both hygienic and safe when using food bring a creative element to the food product being designed
Vocabulary					Ingredients, yeast, knead, dough, rise, shape, knot, product, hygiene
Y5	 come up with a range of ideas after collecting information from different sources produce a detailed step-by-step plan explain how a product will appeal to a specific audience design a product that requires pulleys or gears 	 use a range of tools and equipment competently make a prototype before making a final version make a product that relies on pulleys or gears 	 suggest alternative plans; outlining the positive features and draw backs evaluate appearance and function against original criteria 	 links scientific knowledge to design by using pulleys or gears use more complex IT program to help enhance the quality of the product produced 	 be both hygienic and safe in the kitchen know how to prepare a meal by collecting the ingredients in the first place know which seasons various foods are available for harvesting
Y6	 use market research to inform plans and ideas follow and refine original plans justify planning in a convincing way 	 know which tool to use for a specific practical task know how to use any tool correctly and safely know what each tool is used for 	 know how to test and evaluate designed products explain how products should be stored and give reasons 	 use electrical systems correctly and accurately to enhance a specific product know which IT product would further enhance a specific product 	 explain how food ingredients should be stored and give reasons work within a budget to create a meal

	show that culture and society is considered in plans and designs	explain why a specific tool is best for a specific action	evaluate product against clear criteria	 use knowledge to improve a made product by strengthening, stiffening or reinforcing 	 understand the difference between a savoury and sweet dish 	
Vocabulary						
End of KS2 expectation s	Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment]. Cooking and nutrition As part of their work with food, pupils should be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutrition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in					
	pupils will also open a door to one of the great expressions of human creativity. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to feed themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later life.					